BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

CALENDAR YEAR 2011 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION FORM

Bloo3 & Bloo35

List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each *community* public water system to develop and distribute a consumer confidence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.

Cyress Creck Water BSSN
Public Water Supply Name

Please.	Answer the Foli	lowing Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report
	Customers wer	e informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
	<u>×</u>	Advertisement in local paper On water bills Other
	Date custome	ers were informed: 6/1/1Z
	CCR was dis	tributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:
	Date Mailed/D	sistributed: 611170
	CCR was publ	ished in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
	Name of News	spaper:
	Date Published	i:/
	CCR was posted Date Posted:	ed in public places. (Attach list of locations) (1) 1/2 Coffee Ville Public library
	CCR was poste	ed on a publicly accessible internet site at the address: www
CERT	<u>IFICATION</u>	
consist	ent with the wa	consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system is identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and it ater quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Bureau of Public Water Supply. Mayor, Owner, etc.)
Nome.		ompleted Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215
		Phone: 601-576-7518

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2011 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Cypress Creek Water Association, Inc. PWS#: 0810003 & 0810035 April 2012

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We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Meridian-Upper Wilcox Aquifer and also purchases water from the Town of Coffeeville that has wells drawing from the Lower Wilcox Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system are provided immediately below. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Cypress Creek Water Association and the Town of Coffeeville have received moderate susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact John W. Purdy at 662-675-2681. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the third Tuesday of February, May, August and November at 7:00 PM at the office located at 1662 CR 211, Coffeeville, MS.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2011. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2011, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

PWS ID#:	081000	3	,	TEST RES	JLTS					
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure- ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination		
Inorganic	Contan	ninants								
8. Arsenic	N	2010*	.7	No Range	ppb	n/a	10	Erosion of natural deposits; runof from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production waster		
10. Barium	N	2010*	.008	No Range	ppm	2	2	 Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits 		
17. Lead	N	2009/11	2	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits		
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	2011	.45	No Range	leachii sewag		Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits			
Disinfection	on By-P	roducts						`		
Chlorine	N	2011	1 1	-1.1	opm	0 MDI		Vater additive used to control nicrobes		

* Most recent sample. No sample required for 2011.

PWS ID#:	081003	5	r	TEST RESU	ULTS						
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL		MCLC	3 M	CL	Likely Source of Contamination		
Inorganic (Contam	inants									
8. Arsenic	N	2010*	.8	.68	ppb	n	ı/a	10	Erosion of natural deposits; runof from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes		
10. Barium	N	2010*	.009	.003009	ppm		2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits		
13. Chromium	N	2010*	1.3	No Range	ppb	10	00	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits		
14. Copper	N	2009/11	.1	0	ppm	1	.3 AI	_=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives		
16. Fluoride**	N	2010*	.112	.11112	ppm		4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; wate additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories		
17. Lead	N	2009/11	1	0	ppb		0 A	L=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits		
Disinfectio	n By-Pı	oducts									
81. HAA5	N	2011	13 N	lo Range	ppb	0	60		Product of drinking water fection.		
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2011	16 N	lo Range	ppb	0	80	By-p chlo	product of drinking water prination.		
Chlarina	1	2014	12 4	1.5	nnm	O ME	2DI = 4	I Wat	er additive used to control microbes		

1- 1.5

MRDL = 4 Water additive used to control microbes

2011

N

Chlorine

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2011

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